Child Safe Standards Risk Register

School name:	The Grange P-12 College	Responsible staff member:	David Smillie & Jodie Wright
Date endorsed:	December 2024	Endorsed by:	David Smillie – College Principal
Next review date:	December 2025	File location:	Compass

RISK TITLE AND DESCRIPTION	RISK	ASSESSMENT	EXISTING CONTROLS	CONTROLS ASSESSMENT	NEW TREATMENTS AND WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?	BY WHEN?
Provide a risk title and short description.	Describe the causes of the child safety risk.	Describe the consequences for children if the child safety risk happens	Describe the existing child safety and wellbeing controls you have in place to mitigate the child safety risk Sample content is provided below	Taken together, are the controls adequate to reduce the risk and harms to a tolerable level?	If controls need to be strengthened, describe any new controls you will implement to mitigate the child safety risk and who is responsible for the new treatments?	When will this be done?
Child Safe Standard	1 – Aboriginal cultural safety	, /				
Risk Title: Culturally safe environments Description: There is a risk that the school fails to establish a culturally safe environment in which the diverse and unique identities and experiences of Aboriginal children and students are respected and valued Risk type: Situational, Organisational		school staff which may result in them being less likely to report abuse by adults or peers, and make them more vulnerable to harm • Aboriginal students do not feel welcome, safe, respected or valued for their diverse and unique identifies which may result in	 Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy outlines the controls in place to establish a culturally safe environment and is implemented Identify other documents that address Aboriginal cultural safety and include these here, such as your: Student Wellbeing and Engagement Policy Bullying Prevention Policy Controls to address racism, discrimination and bullying are outlined in the Bullying Prevention Policy and the Student Wellbeing and Engagement Policy Active development of Aboriginal cultural symbolism across the College Staff and students to complete Acknowledgment of Country at the start of each day in the classrooms and at all College events equip staff, students, volunteers and the school community to acknowledge and appreciate the strengths of Aboriginal culture and understand its importance to the wellbeing and safety of Aboriginal children and students adopt measures to ensure racism is identified, confronted and not tolerated address any instances of racism within the school environment with appropriate consequences actively support participation and inclusion in the school by Aboriginal children, students and their families ensure school policies, procedures, systems and processes together create a culturally safe and inclusive environment and meet the needs of Aboriginal children, students and their families 			

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			 develop and endorse a policy or statement detailing the strategies and actions the school will take Work with our KESO for support and mentoring for Koorie students Fulltime Marrung staff member employed to support Koorie students Implementation of Koorie Literacy & Numeracy Program (KLNP) at Callistemon Campus Development and implementation of senior careers pathways team to focus on career plans and pathways for Koorie students Development of SSA to better engage Koorie students Enhance leadership opportunities for Koorie students including introduction of Koorie leaders 			
Child Safe Standard	2 – School leadership, gover	nance and culture				
Leadership, governance and culture Description: There is a risk that child safety and wellbeing is not embedded in the school's leadership, governance and culture Risk type:	 Child safety is not prioritised Decision-making power concentrated in one individual Unclear accountabilities Staff and volunteers are unaware of the school's expectations relating to their conduct and role in supporting child safety and wellbeing Culture of secret keeping Poor management of conflicts of interest Lack of leadership on child safety Poor understanding of the foreseeable risks relating to child abuse Poor understanding of recordkeeping and information management Poor child safety messaging 	 Increased risk of child abuse occurring, remaining undetected and not being responded to appropriately because the school does not have a culture of child safety and reporting of child safety incidents or concerns Increased risk of child abuse occurring, remaining undetected and not being responded to appropriately because staff and volunteer roles and responsibilities are not clear Poor practices and understanding of information sharing obligations may result in staff or volunteers not sharing important information to reduce the risk of child abuse or conversely, sharing sensitive information inappropriately contributing to further harm. Poor records and record-keeping practice can contribute to delays or failures to identify and respond to child safety risks and incidents and can obstruct survivors seeking information about their time at our school. It can also compromise the school's ability to monitor for systemic issues that required changes to policy, procedure or practice. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy outlines the controls in place to ensure a child safe culture is embedded across the school and is implemented Our Child Safety Code of Conduct is adopted and actively enforced by school leadership. Inconsisten staff, contractor or volunteer conduct is swiftly addressed. Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and Code of Conduct are publicly available and promoted in the school community This risk register is reviewed annually and after any significant child safety incident or concern Our Volunteers Policy supports volunteers to understand their obligations on information sharing and recordkeeping PROTECT posters and the Four Critical Actions are displayed around the school Records management obligations are met through adherence to the Records Management - School Records Policy and all staff and relevant volunteers understand their obligations on information sharing and record keeping through induction, training and support from leadership develop, endorse and make publicly available a: Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy Child Safety Code of Conduct develop, record, and implement risk management actions to make sure children are safe in the school environment monitor, annually review and evaluate child safety and wellbeing risks develop a policy or statement detailing the school's processes to meet Public Record Office Victoria Recordkeeping Standards (PDF, 653KB) 			

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			 ensure records relevant to child safety and wellbeing are created, maintained and disposed of by Public Record Office Victoria Recordkeeping Standards make sure school staff and volunteers understand their obligations in information sharing and recordkeeping Wellbeing team to meet fortnightly for team supervision Leadership has regular and ongoing discussions and keep up to date with training around CSS Relevant staff to participate in information & sharing MARAM framework Annual CSS training for staff and school council CSS is a regular and ongoing agenda item at School Council Ongoing staff training in: Child Safe Standards Mandatory Reporting 			
			 Reportable Conduct Trauma Informed Practice 			
Child Safe Standard	3 – Children are safe, inform	ed and actively participate	- Tradina miorinea i radioc			
Risk Title: Student empowerment Description: There is a risk that students will not be empowered about their rights, participate in decisions affecting them or be taken seriously Risk type: Vulnerability	 Students don't know how to make a complaint or raise a concern or don't feel confident that they will be listened to Students don't understand their 	 Abuse is more likely to happen if students do not feel supported to participate in decisions that affect them and do not feel like they will be listened to. Failure to empower students with information about their rights, child safety risks, and sexual abuse prevention will increase the risk of abuse going unidentified and unspoken If students do not feel confident or empowered to raise a concern, they will be unwilling to report abuse Lack of friendship or peer support may increase vulnerability to abuse Lack of friendship or peer support increases the risk that the student will not feel confident to discuss concerns with their peers, making it more likely that abuse will go unidentified and unspoken Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	1 0			Implemented in 2022/2023

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			decision-making and raise their concerns to develop a culture that encourages participation and responds to what students say give students opportunities to participate, and respond to their contributions to strengthen confidence and engagement offer students access to sexual abuse prevention programs and related information in an age-appropriate way. School boarding premises are required to offer sexual abuse prevention programs and related information where it is relevant to the setting or context Additional programs to support students including Drs in schools & school lawyer programs Wellbeing staff embedded in each sub school team across the College Allocation of leader tagged to student voice and agency Leadership opportunities for students RRRR curriculum Introduction of consent education across P-6 in 2023 Visual posters displayed around the College to encourage students to report concerns develop curriculum planning documents or other documentation that details how the school will address these requirements Programs to support and empower students: Supportive Friends (suicide prevention) Wellbeing workshops Legal education Diversity groups Revved Up Better Me Lamana MPower Girls Social skill groups			
Child Safe Standard	4 - Family engagement		J Costat State groups			
community involvement Description: There is a	 Unwelcoming staff Lack of appreciation of the value of community consultation and engagement The school does not offer information to families and communities or avenues to contribute to policies and decisions relating to child safety and wellbeing Lack of staff training, culture or willingness to engage families and communities 	 Child safety and wellbeing practices without input from families may result in practices that do not cover all the diverse needs of students, resulting in a risk that students do not feel safe or able to actively participate in school life (see Child Safe Standard 1 and 3) Families and communities not engaged in child safety at the school are less likely to be able to support the school to reduce risk by keeping an eye out for unsafe behaviours and raising concerns. Families cannot help students identify abuse 	 Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy outlines the controls in place to engage families and is implemented All child safety and wellbeing policies and procedures are publicly available and promoted in the school community Families and the school community are invited to have a say in the development and review of child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices through our school website and newsletters make sure families participate in child safety and wellbeing decisions which affect their child 			

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		 Families do not support students who want to make a complaint If families lack awareness about child safety including risks of child abuse, children may be more vulnerable to being groomed by perpetrators seeking to obtain their trust. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 engage and openly communicate with families and the school community about its child safe approach make child safety information accessible involve families and the school community in developing and reviewing child safety and wellbeing policies and practices inform families and carers about the school's governance and approach to child safety and wellbeing, including roles and responsibilities of school staff Communication of external support to families and the community School lawyer & Drs in Schools programs Communication tools: Compass, Dojo and parent information sessions Referrals to services: Anglicare, Orange Door, Child First, Youth Resource Centre and others 			
Child Safe Standard	5 - Equity and diverse needs	S				
Risk Title: Diversity and equity Description: There is a risk that equity is not effectively upheld, and diverse needs are not respected in policy and practice Risk type: Vulnerability	Diverse cohorts have not been identified for targeted support (such as students with disability, students who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex and queer (LGBTIQ+), students in out of home care, international students and students who are culturally and linguistically diverse) Diverse cohorts not supported adequately Diverse cohorts feel unwelcome Lack of staff training on diversity and supporting and responding to vulnerable students Lack of respectful culture Incidents of discrimination or humiliation are not effectively addressed and managed	Diverse cohorts who do not feel safe or who are not adequately supported for their diverse and specific needs are more at risk of abuse and harm and will be less able or willing to report concerns. Experiencing discrimination can increase a child's vulnerability to abuse and harm and can also mean they are less likely to ask for help or speak up if they have a concern Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	 Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy outlines the controls in place to support equity and diverse needs and is implemented Student Wellbeing and Engagement Policy outlines how the school pays particular attention to the needs of students with disability, students from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds, students who are unable to live at home, international students, and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex and queer (LGBTIQ+) students Child safety information, support and complaints processes are culturally safe, accessible and easy to understand Bullying Prevention Policy Implement: Resilience, Rights and Respectful Relationships and Building Respectful Relationships teaching and learning materials Respectful Relationships whole school approach develop and endorse a policy statement or curriculum document that details the strategies and actions it will take to uphold diversity and equity, that: makes sure school staff and volunteers understand the diverse circumstances of students, provides support, and responds to vulnerable students gives students, staff, volunteers and the school community access to information, support and complaints processes in ways that are culturally 			

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		Sample content is provided below	to reduce the risk and harms to a tolerable level?	risk and who is responsible for the new treatments?	
	6 – Suitable staff and volunteers	safe, accessible and easy to understand - pays particular attention to the needs of:			
(including contractors	 Poor recruitment and pre- employment screening processes Insufficient promotion of the school's commitment to child safety during 	 Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy outlines the controls in place: 	Ye		
child-related work)	 Provision of false information during recruitment recruitment processes may fail to deter potential predators from seeking 	 for child safe recruitment and screening practices for staff. 			
Description: There is a risk that staff are not suitable to work with	 Poor management of conflicts of interest Employment History and behaviours of concern relating to suitability to work with children are not 	 to ensure staff are provided with an appropriate induction in the school's child safety policies and practices. 			

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children or effectively supported to uphold child safety and wellbeing values in practice Risk type: Organisational, Propensity	Insufficient induction on commencement of working at school Inappropriate behaviour by other adults is not called out due to lack of empowerment or awareness of behaviours of concern Insufficient promotion of the school's commitment to child safety Lack of child safety culture Insufficient supervision Performance management does not focus on or address concerns relating to child safety and wellbeing	identified resulting in increased risk of child abuse Conflicts of interests in recruiting staff may increase the risk of other staff not reporting concerns relating to staff conduct, and where concerns are reported or identified, increased risk of them not being responded to in an objective manner with the focus on child safety and wellbeing. Insufficient induction results in the increased risk that staff fail to identify child safety risks and signs of harm and are unable to respond appropriately when they do identify risks of harm or when a complaint or concerns is disclosed to them. Insufficient supervision and performance management results in increased risk of child abuse and harm to students Staff do not understand their role and responsibilities in promoting and supporting child safety resulting in increased risk of harm Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	 of staff is focused on child safety and wellbeing All actions and strategies outlined in our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy are implemented make sure job advertisements have clear statements about: the job's requirements, duties and responsibilities regarding child safety and wellbeing the job occupant's essential or relevant qualifications, experience and attributes in relation to child safety and wellbeing. advise job applicants about the child safety practices of the school, including the Code of Conduct make volunteers aware of the school's Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and Child Safety Code of Conduct screen school staff applicants: 			

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			 Compliance of employment requirements including checking with Principals/Managers regarding CSS questions on employment of new staff Explicit induction of CSS and Mandatory Reporting and annual training 			
Organisational, Propensity	Screening processes lack sufficient strength to reveal histories and behaviours of concern Systems, processes, policies and culture do not demonstrate sufficient strength and transparency to deter potential perpetrators from attempting predatory behaviours Conflict of interest Lack of child safety culture Insufficient induction and training Insufficient supervision	 Insufficient promotion of the school's commitment to child safety may fail to deter potential predators from volunteering at the school History and behaviours of concern relating to suitability to work with children are not identified resulting in increased risk of child abuse Insufficient induction results in the increased risk that volunteers do not understand their role and responsibilities in promoting and supporting child safety resulting in increased risk of harm. Insufficient supervision results in increased risk of child abuse and harm to students Inadequate steps to address concerning behaviour may result in increased risk of harm (for example removing volunteer from duties or otherwise ensuring the volunteer does not demonstrate further behaviours of concern) Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 Volunteer Policy outlines the controls in place to ensure volunteers are suitable to work with children including screening, induction, and ongoing management and supervision Volunteers engaged in regular after school sports training that may have more access to students in an unsupervised space, volunteers who will be escorting students on interstate or overseas trips as part of the excursion staff, volunteers who will be engaging closely with students in a school production where staff supervision may not always be present, volunteers who are not parents/carers of students will be asked to undertake additional screening processes including proof of identity (where this has not already been established), and references addressing suitability for working with children. Volunteers that are working with children or that may have access to students in unsupervised or high-risk settings will always be supervised by a member of school staff Volunteer behaviour that is inconsistent with the school's child safety and wellbeing policies and practices will be addressed by school staff swiftly and with a focus on child safety and wellbeing. 			
Child Safe Standard	7 – complaints processes					
Risk Title: Complaints processes Description: There is a risk that processes for complaints and concerns are not child focused Risk type: Organisational, Vulnerability	 Students and parents/carers are uncertain about how to raise a complaint or concern because information is not accessible or easily understood Processes do not support students, parents and carers to make complaints or raise concerns Complaints processes or responsible staff do not make students feel safe or supported to report Student input in decision making is not valued Student, parent and carer concerns/complaints are not taken seriously Inadequate response to complaints or concerns relating to child abuse 	 Failure to ensure there is accessible, culturally safe and easily understood information on how to raise a complaint or concern increases the risk of students, parents and carers not reporting behaviours of concern or abuse Students may be unwilling to report behaviours of concern or abuse if they feel they will not be taken seriously or if they do not feel safe to report Failure to have a clear process for responding to complaints and concerns about child abuse may result in inappropriate or insufficient action being taken resulting in continued or further harm to the child and other children Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 Complaints Policy outlines the controls in place to ensure students are provided with accessible, culturally safe and easily understood information on raising a complaint or concern Child Safety Responding and Reporting Obligations Policy and Procedures outlines the procedures for responding to complaints or concerns relating to child abuse The Complaints Policy and Child Safety Responding and Reporting Obligations Policy and Procedures are publicly available on the school website The Complaints Policy and Child Safety Responding and Reporting Obligations Policy and Procedures are implemented by all relevant staff Our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy sets out all recordkeeping, privacy and information sharing obligations that must be met when responding to complaints and concerns. All complaints and concerns are managed in accordance with employment law obligations and 	Yes		

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description.		safety risk happens	have in place to mitigate the child safety risk	the controls adequate to reduce the risk and	controls you will implement to mitigate the child safety risk and who is responsible for the new treatments?	done?
			Sample content is provided below	harms to a tolerable level?		
			our school seeks advice from Employee Conduct Branch and Legal Division when dealing with complaints and concerns relating to child abuse by a member/former member of staff or school council employee or contractor • a complaints handling policy which: - is publicly available and accessible - is culturally safe and easily understood by the school community - has information about the process for making a complaint about the school or any person within the school - requires that complaints are taken seriously and responded to promptly and thoroughly. • procedures for responding to complaints or concerns relating to child abuse that is: - publicly available and accessible - child-focused - culturally safe and easily understood by the school community - ensures complaints are taken seriously and responded to promptly and thoroughly - covers all forms of child abuse - sensitive to the characteristics of the school community - able to address reporting of complaints and concerns to relevant authorities, whether or not the law requires reporting, and cooperate with law enforcement - able to provide details of recordkeeping, reporting, privacy and employment law obligations to be met when responding to complaints and concerns • Ongoing opportunities for discussions between families and school including 2 x parent teacher interviews • Preparedness to engage in ongoing communication with families • College wide target to further reduce complaints to DET via timely responsiveness, listening, empathy with a view for win/win outcomes			
Child Safe Standard	8 - Child safety knowledge,	skills and awareness			<u> </u>	
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Risk Title: Knowledge, skills and awareness Description: There is a risk that staff and volunteers are not	 Child safety and wellbeing training not provided to staff and school council annually Child safety and wellbeing training is not refreshed or updated where policy, practice or law has 			res		
equipped with the	changed		training for volunteers.			

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awareness to keep children and students safe through ongoing education and training Risk type: Organisational	 Volunteers are not required to undertake child safety training that is appropriate to the nature of their role Training does not cover all necessary topics Training is poorly facilitated Also refer to Child Safe Standard 6 risks above 	Insufficient understanding about the school's child safety and wellbeing policies, practices, and obligations results in increased risk that they will not be appropriately implemented by staff and volunteers and an increased risk to students of child abuse occurring and of continuing to occur undetected. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	 Annual child safety training on the child safe standards provide child safety training to staff engaged in child-connected work every year. This training should include: the Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and the Child Safety Code of Conduct the procedures for responding to complaints and concerns about child abuse guidance on recognising indicators of child harm, including harm caused by other children and students guidance on responding effectively to issues of child safety and wellbeing and supporting colleagues who disclose harm guidance on how to build culturally safe environments for children and students guidance on their information sharing and recordkeeping obligations guidance on how to identify and mitigate child safety and wellbeing risks in the school environment without compromising a child or student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities. Support staff and volunteers to implement the Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and the Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and the Child Safety and Wellbeing policy and the Child Safety Code of Conduct where these policies apply to their role and responsibilities. Provide appropriate training and guidance to the members of the governing body every year. This training should include: individual and collective obligations and responsibilities for implementing the Child Safe Standards and managing the risk of child abuse child safety and wellbeing risks in the school Provide training and information to volunteers engaged in child-connected work that is appropriate to their role that will equip them with the knowledge, skills and awareness to keep children safe. Record keeping maintained<!--</td--><td></td><td></td><td></td>			

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Child Safe Standard	9 - Physical and online envi	ronments				
Risk Title: School physical environment Description: There is a risk the school's child safety policies, procedures and practices do not adequately address and manage the risk of abuse and harm in the school's physical environment Risk type: Situational	Areas of child safety risk in the school buildings or grounds are not identified and appropriately supervised or managed.	There is an increased risk of child abuse occurring on school grounds or buildings if policies, procedures and practices fail to identify and manage areas of risk in the school's physical environment Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	 Yard Duty and Supervision Policy outlines supervision processes and requirements with a focus on child safety Yard duty staff are trained to actively patrol the school grounds, paying particular attention to secluded areas that have been identified as high risk Child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices are in place to enable staff and volunteers to identify and mitigate risks in the physical school environment without compromising a child or student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities, including our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and Child Safety Code of Conduct make sure child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices enable school staff and volunteers to identify and mitigate risks without compromising a student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities. develop and endorse a policy or statement on online conduct and online safety. develop procurement policies for facilities and services from third parties that ensure the safety of students Safe places for students in the yard including Sensory Garden, lunch clubs and buddy seats CCTV to monitor yard safety School yard agreements to minimise harm with at risk/vulnerable students Annual anaphylaxis and asthma training for all staff SWPB matrix and students explicitly taught expected behaviours 			
Risk Title: Online environment Description: There is a risk the school's child safety policies, procedures and practices do not adequately address and manage the risk of abuse and harm in the school's online environment Risk type: Situational	 Child safety risks in the school's online environment are not identified and appropriately managed. Students are not provided with education about online risks and appropriate online behaviours. Online safety measures fail to adapt to emerging technologies and child safety risks 	 There is an increased risk of child abuse occurring if policies, procedures and practices fail to identify and manage areas of risk in the school's online environment – particularly risks relating to grooming and further risk of abuse if the grooming goes undetected. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 DET Digital Learning Policy outlines the controls in place for online conduct and online safety and is implemented Acceptable Use Agreements are in place and enforced Child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices are in place to enable staff and volunteers to identify and mitigate risks in the online school environment without compromising a child or student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities, including our Child Safety and Wellbeing Policy and Child Safety Code of Conduct Staff undertake a privacy impact assessment for apps and other platforms in use by the school which includes the risk of access to children or 			

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Risk Title: Off-site school activities and use of third-party providers Description: There is a risk that the school's child safety policies, procedures and practices do not adequately address and manage the risk of abuse at school activities off-site and/or school activities involving third party providers. Risk type: Situational, Organisational, Propensity, Vulnerability	School staff fail to identify and manage risks of child abuse occurring during off-site school activities School staff fail to identify and manage risks of child abuse by third-party providers engaged by the school School	There is an increased risk of child abuse occurring if policies, procedures and practices fail to identify and manage areas of risk for off-site school activities and school activities that involve third party providers. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	personal information by people external to the school. make sure child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices enable school staff and volunteers to identify and mitigate risks without compromising a student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities. develop and endorse a policy or statement on online conduct and online safety. develop procurement policies for facilities and services from third parties that ensure the safety of students IT team monitor for inappropriate use of ICT LAN school used at Callistemon School lawyer presentations in sexting etc Strong relationships with community police including presentation of information sessions Ongoing education on being safe online Cyber Safety explicitly taught at Callistemon Students sign ICT agreement forms RRRR curriculum Esmart program Our school complies with relevant policies with respect to the following activities, including policy relating to child safety and wellbeing: Government schools – [Doctors in Secondary Schools NDIS Funded Therapy in Schools NDIS Funded Therapy in Schools NDIS Funded Therapy in Schools School Based Apprenticeships and Traineeships School Based Apprenticeships and Traineeships School Based Apprenticeships and Traineeships Community VCAL For off-site school activities and school activities engaging a third-party provider, we identify and assess the risks of child abuse that are specific to that activity and ensure appropriate controls are in place. make sure child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices enable school staff and volunteers to identify and mitigate risks without compromising a student's right to privacy, access to information, social connections and learning opportunities. develop and endorse a policy or statement on online conduct and online safety. develop procurement policies for facilities and services from third parties that ensure the safety of students	Yes		

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			 Check WWCC for visitors and ensure they are aware of policies and obligations Risk assessments completed for all incursions and excursions Ensure that staff are up to date with first aid and that that first aid officers are in attendance at events SSA – strong focus on physical safety during sporting events Provide annual CPR & First Aid training to staff 	level?		
	10 – Review of child safety p					
improvement Description: There is a risk that the implementation of the Child Safe Standards is not regularly reviewed and improved	 Failure to regularly review child safety policies, procedures and practices (every 2 years) or following any significant child safety incident Failure to use analysis of complaints, concerns and safety incidents to inform possible improvements to child safety policies, procedures and practices Failure to inform families and communities of the outcome of reviews of child safety policies, procedures and practices 	 Child safety policy, procedures and practices may become out of date with any new laws or guidance on good practice, compromising the school's ability to protect students from child abuse and to respond appropriately to complaints and concerns. Child safety policy, procedures and practices may no longer meet the needs of the local school community compromising the school's ability to protect students from child abuse and to respond appropriately to complaints and concerns. Child safety policy, procedures and practices are not improved as a result of analysis of past complaints, concerns and safety incidents, reducing the school's ability to protect students from child abuse and to respond appropriately to complaints and concerns. Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse 	 child safe standards, including approvers and review cycles is used to support staff to maintain and update our policies A working group (led by the child safety champion) is established to review child safety policies and procedures We determine the causes of child safety incidents and monitor for repeat issues or systemic failures, updating any child safety policy, procedure or practice where gaps or improvements are identified We have a log of complaints and concerns to allow us to monitor areas for improvement in our child safety policies, procedures and practices 			
Child Safe Standard	11 - Implementation of child	safety practices		<u></u>		
procedures Description: There is a	 The policies and procedures do not address all actions and measures required under the Child Safe Standards The policies and procedures are not informed by best practice 	 If child safety policy and procedures fail to address all aspects of the Child Safe Standards it will result in gaps in protection of children and increased risk relating to child abuse If child safety policies and procedures are not effectively documented or are difficult to 	Our staff and relevant volunteers are inducted and trained on our child safety and wellbeing policies, procedures and practices and are	Yes		

RISK TITLE AND DESCRIPTION	RISK ASSESSMENT		EXISTING CONTROLS	CONTROLS ASSESSMENT	NEW TREATMENTS AND WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?	BY WHEN?
Provide a risk title and short description.	Describe the causes of the child safety risk.	Describe the consequences for children if the child safety risk happens	Describe the existing child safety and wellbeing controls you have in place to mitigate the child safety risk Sample content is provided below	Taken together, are the controls adequate to reduce the risk and harms to a tolerable level?	If controls need to be strengthened, describe any new controls you will implement to mitigate the child safety risk and who is responsible for the new treatments?	When will this be done?
the organisation is safe for children and students and are not effectively implemented by staff and volunteers. Risk type: Organisational		understand it may result in staff (particularly new staff) being unaware of their child safety obligations, roles and responsibilities increasing the risk of child abuse If child safety policies and procedures are not informed by best practice or family and community engagement it may result in compromised ability to protect children from child abuse. Failure to induct, train and support staff and relevant volunteers on implementation of child safety policies and procedures increases the risk of child abuse Physical and psychological harm as a result of child abuse	 implement practices for a child-safe environment establish policies and procedures that meet all the Child Safe Standards make sure all relevant school staff, governing body and volunteers Our school leaders champion and model our child safety policies, procedures and practices and address any performance concerns relating to staff conduct or implementation Our Child Safety Champion regularly reviews PROTECT guidance and other relevant policies to ensure our own local child safety policies, procedures and practices are informed by best practice and updated where required understand and implement the policies and procedures champion and model the policies and procedures for a child-safe environment document their policies and procedures are informed by best practice models and stakeholder consultation Implementation of working group including Wellbeing & Principal members Implementation of CSS Champion – Jodie Wright All College staff (teacher & ES) have CSS highlighted in role statements and provide evidence during annual PDP reviews Mandated CSS and Mandatory training completed each year SWPB framework & RRRR curriculum implemented across College Strong and methodical induction process for new staff 			